ARTICLE II LAND USE: TYPE, DENSITY, INTENSITY

2.00.00 GENERALLY

2.00.01 Purpose

The purpose of this Article is to describe the specific uses and restrictions that apply to land use districtZoning Districts in the land use element of the comprehensive plan. These regulations are intended to allow development and use of property only in compliance with the goals, objectives, and policies of the City of Mexico Beach as expressed in the City Comprehensive Plan.

2.00.01 Definitions

Abut

To physically touch or border upon, or to share a common property line.

Adult Congregate Living Facility (ACLF)

A type of residential care facility, defined in Chapter 400, Part 2, Florida Statutes

Agricultural Activity

Any farming and forestry operation affecting land or waters such as site preparation, clearing, fencing, contouring, soil preparation, plowing, planting, harvesting, construction of access roads, extraction of stumps and submerged logs, and placement of bridges and culverts.

Condominiums

A multiunit project consisting of individual ownership of a dwelling unit and undivided ownership of common areas.

Density or Gross Density

The total number of dwelling units divided by the total site area, less public right-of-way.

Duplex

A multi-family dwelling containing two housing units that share a common roof and dividing wall. A duplex provides complete but independent living facilities for two housekeeping units, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation. A duplex may not contain an accessory apartment pursuant to the LDR.

Dwelling Unit

A single housing unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one housekeeping unit, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation.

Group Homes

Half-way houses, juvenile housing facility, nursing homes.

Junkyard

Premises or portions thereof used for the storage or sale of used and discarded materials, including but not limited to, paper, rags, metal, building materials, appliances, household furnishings, machinery, vehicles, equipment, or parts thereof. The storage for a period of two (2) or more months of two (2) or more wrecked or partly dismantled motor vehicles, parts of dismantled motor vehicles, or the sale of parts thereof, not capable of or not intended to be restored to highway operating condition shall also constitute a junkyard. For the purposes of this Code, such uses as automobile reclaiming businesses, automotive wrecking businesses, automotive salvage businesses, and recycling centers shall be considered junkyards.

Lot

For zoning purposes, as covered by this Code, a "lot" is a parcel of land at least sufficient size to meet minimum zoning requirements for use, coverage and area and to provide such yards and other open spaces as herein required. Such "lot" may have frontage on an improved public street and may consist of: a single lot of record; a portion of a lot of record; a combination of complete lots of record or of portions of lots of record; or a parcel of land described by metes and bounds description, provided that in no case, division or combinations, shall any residential lot or parcel be created which does not meet the requirements of this Code.

Lot of Record

Land designated as a separate and distinct parcel on a legally recorded subdivision plat or in a legally recorded deed filed in the records of the Clerk of Courts in Bay County, Florida.

Manufactured Housing

"Manufactured building", "modular building," or "factory-built building" means a closed structure, building assembly, or system of subassemblies, which may include structural, electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, or other service systems manufactured in manufacturing facilities for installation or erection as a finished building or as part of a finished building, which shall include, but not be limited to, residential, commercial, institutional, storage, and industrial structures. The term includes buildings not intended for human habitation such as lawn storage buildings and storage sheds manufactured and assembled offsite by a manufacturer certified in conformance with this part. This part does not apply to mobile homes. Due to the inability to modify manufactured/modular homes after their construction, all manufactured/modular homes are required to submit a pre-placement survey depicting the home on the property.

Mobile Home

Any residential unit constructed to standards promulgated by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Manufactured housing has the following features or characteristics. It is: Modular homes are manufactured under the Florida Manufactured Building Act and certified by the Florida Department of Community Affairs as complying with the structural requirements of the Standard Building Code. Due to the inability to modify manufactured/modular homes after their construction, all manufactured/modular homes are required to submit a pre-placement survey depicting the home on the property.

Multi-Family Dwelling

Any residential structure containing two (2) or more separate dwelling units.

Neighborhood

Based upon the context where used, "neighborhood" can mean a defined, platted area such as a residential subdivision or, a general area situated within one-tenth (1/10) mile from any given location in a town or city.

Parcel

A unit of land within legally established property lines.

Plat

A map or drawing depicting the division of land into lots, blocks parcels, tracts, sited, or other divisions set forth in Chapter 177, F.S.

Recreation Vehicle

A vehicular-type portable structure without permanent foundation, which can be towed, hauled or driven and primarily designed as temporary living accommodation for recreation, camping, and travel use and including, but not limited to, travel trailers, truck campers, camping trailers, and self-propelled motor homes.

Single-Family Dwelling

A structure containing one dwelling unit and not attached to any other dwelling unit by any means. A single-family unit may contain an accessory apartment pursuant to this Code.

Studios

A structure used as a working place for small personal businesses including the following uses:

- (1) arts and crafts
- (2) art, music, dancing, singing, or acting
- (3) photography

2.01.00 <u>LAND USE DISTRICT</u>ZONING DISTRICTS

Land use districtZoning Districts for the City of Mexico Beach are outlined generally in the Comprehensive Plan, Future Land Use Element, including a map series (atlas) and shall be considered as a factor in determining future zonings and re-zonings. The actual land use districtZoning Districts and classifications defined in the Land Development Regulations and delineated on the Official Zoning map of the City of Mexico Beach shall be the determinants of permissible activities on any parcel in the jurisdiction. Refer to the Land Development Regulations, specifically including but not limited to sections 2.00 et seq., 3.00 et seq., 6.00 et seq., and 7.00 et seq., for the definitions of each use category and for all setback, parking, density, pavement, height, and new development requirements and restrictions. Allowable uses are shown in Section 2.02.03 to correlate individual land use activities with land use districtZoning Districts. The City Council shall adopt an Official Zoning Map of the City of Mexico Beach and shall review, update, and revise as needed such map once every two years; however, failure to make such review in a timely manner shall not invalidate said map. The Official Zoning Map shall be placed at City Hall and be available for public inspection.

2.01.02 Residential Districts

Residential Low-Density (RLD) Residential General (RG) Tourist-High Density Residential (HDTR) 2.01.03 Commercial Districts Tourist Commercial (TC) General Commercial (GC) 2.01.04 Public/Institutional District (PI) 2.01.05 Recreation District (REC) 2.01.06 Conservation-Industrial District (INDCON) Preservation District (PRS) 2.01.07 2.01.08 Tourist Mixed Use (TM) USES ALLOWED IN LAND USE DISTRICTZONING DISTRICTS 2.02.00 2.02.01 Generally

This Part defines and prescribes the specific uses <u>and development standards</u> allowed within each <u>land use districtZoning District</u> described in the Comprehensive Plan and this Code.

2.02.02 Zoning Districts Types of Uses

A. Residential Low Density

A. Residential Low Density								
<u>1.</u>	District Intent		2. Allowable Location					
	This zoning district allows for single fa	mily residential at a	The Residential Zoning District is allowed within					
	maximum density of 6 dwelling units p	er acre and non-residnetial	the Residential Future L	and Use Category.				
	development as defined below.							
	-							
<u>3.</u>	Principal Uses	4. Restricted Uses	5. Prohibited Uses	<u>6. Accessory Uses</u>				
	a. Residential Single Family	a. Condominiums	a. Mobile homes	a. Allowed: Toolsheds,				
	b. Outdoor recreational uses,	b. Docks, piers, wharves,	b. RV Parks	garages, greenhouses,				
	including arboretums, hiking	and similar structures in	c. Landfills.	storage sheds, pools				
	trails, golf courses, playgrounds,	<u>City Waters.</u>	d. Hazardous waste	and hot tubs, gazebos,				
	ball fields, outdoor ball courts,		collection and handling	private recreational				
	outdoor swimming pools,		centers.	<u>facilities (tennis,</u>				
	c. Water-related or water-dependent		e. Borrow pits.	basketball, etc.),				
	uses, including boat ramps and		<u>f. Pastures, forestry, feed</u>	doghouses, bathhouses,				
	fishing docks and piers		lots, and buildings which	and other customary				
	d. Similar outdoor recreational uses,		are an accessory to these	uses not restricted or				
	whether public or private.		agricultural uses.	prohibited either				
	e. Educational facilities (public or		g. Junkyards and salvage	specifically or by				
	<u>private)</u>		yards.	nature of performance				
	f. Public buildings and grounds		h. Firing ranges	<u>below.</u>				
	g. Pre-school and day care facilities		<u>i. Marinas</u>	b. Restricted: Playhouses				
	(public or private)		j. Miniature golf courses	(100 square feet				
	h. Churches		k. Race tracks	<u>maximum).</u>				
	i. Cemeteries without funeral			c. Prohibited:				
	homes,			Apartments,				
	j. Residential care facilities,			businesses, and any				
	k. Group homes			structure with a sign				
	1. Other similar institutional uses.			attached to it.				
		1	1					

7. Development Standards								
	<u>Se</u>	<u>tbacks</u>	Impervious Surface	Max Height				
<u>Front</u>	<u>Side</u>	Rear	<u>Corner</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>iviax Height</u>			
<u>20 feet</u>	<u>7.5 feet</u>	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>10 feet</u>	0.40	<u>32 feet</u>			

B. Residential General

. Residential General									
	l. District Intent		2. Allowable Location						
	This zoning district allows for single far	mily and multi-family	The Residential General Zoning District is allowed						
	residential at a maximum density of 6 d	lwelling units per acre and	within the Residential G	eneral Future Land Use					
	non-residential development as defined		Category.						
	*								
2	3. Principal Uses	4. Restricted Uses	5. Prohibited Uses	6. Accessory Uses					
	a. Residential Single Family	a. Condominiums	a. Mobile homes	a. Allowed: Toolsheds,					
	b. Multi-family	b. Docks, piers, wharves,	c. RV Parks	garages, greenhouses,					
	c. Outdoor recreational uses,	and similar structures in	c. Landfills.	storage sheds, pools					
	including arboretums, hiking	City Waters.	d. Hazardous waste	and hot tubs, gazebos,					
	trails, golf courses, playgrounds,		collection and handling	private recreational					
	ball fields, outdoor ball courts,		centers.	facilities (tennis,					
	outdoor swimming pools,		e. Borrow pits.	basketball, etc.),					
	d. Water-related or water-dependent		f. Pastures, forestry, feed	doghouses, bathhouses,					
	uses, including boat ramps and		lots, and buildings which	and other customary					
	fishing docks and piers		are an accessory to these	uses not restricted or					
	e. Similar outdoor recreational uses,		agricultural uses.	prohibited either					
	whether public or private.		g. Junkyards and salvage	specifically or by					
	f. Educational facilities (public or		yards.	nature of performance					
	private)		h. Firing ranges	below.					
	g. Public buildings and grounds		i. Marinas	b. Restricted: Playhouses					
	h. Pre-school and day care facilities		j. Miniature golf courses	(100 square feet					
	(public or private)		k. Race tracks	maximum).					
	i. Churches			c. Prohibited:					
	j. Cemeteries without funeral			Apartments,					
	homes,			businesses, and any					

l. Group horm. Other simn. Personal so the service individual including	ilar institutional us ervice businesses ve e is performed on a -to-individual basi barber shops, beau itiques, studios, or es.	where un s, ty			structure with a sign attached to it.
	May Haight				
Front	<u>Side</u>	Rear	Corner	Ratio	Max Height
20 feet	7.5 feet	10 feet	10 feet	0.40	32 feet

C. High Density Residential

1. District Intent		2. Allowable Location		
This zoning district allows for single faresidential at a maximum density of 8 dinon-residential development as defined	lwelling units per acre and	The High Density Residential Zoning District is allowed within the High Density Residential Future Land Use Category.		
3. Principal Uses	4. Restricted Uses	5. Prohibited Uses	6. Accessory Uses	
a. Residential Single Family	a. Condominiums	a. Mobile homes	a. Allowed: Toolsheds,	
b. Multi-family	b. Docks, piers, wharves,	d. RV Parks	garages, greenhouses,	
c. Outdoor recreational uses,	and similar structures in	c. Landfills.	storage sheds, pools	
including arboretums, hiking	City Waters.	d. Hazardous waste	and hot tubs, gazebos,	
trails, golf courses, playgrounds,		collection and handling	private recreational	
ball fields, outdoor ball courts,		centers.	facilities (tennis,	
outdoor swimming pools,		e. Borrow pits.	basketball, etc.),	
d. Water-related or water-dependent		f. Pastures, forestry, feed	doghouses, bathhouses,	
uses, including boat ramps and		lots, and buildings which	and other customary	
fishing docks and piers			uses not restricted or	

e. Similar o	utdoor recreational	uses,		are an accessory to these	prohibited either			
whether p	ublic or private.			agricultural uses.	specifically or by			
f. Education	nal facilities (public	<u>or</u>		g. Junkyards and salvage	nature of performance			
private)				yards.	below.			
g. Public bu	ildings and ground	<u>s</u>		h. Firing ranges	b. Restricted: Playhouses			
h. Pre-schoo	ol and day care faci	<u>lities</u>		i. Marinas	(100 square feet			
(public or	private)			j. Miniature golf courses	maximum).			
i. Churches	*			k. Race tracks	c. Prohibited:			
j. Cemeteri	es without funeral				Apartments,			
homes,					businesses, and any			
	al care facilities,				structure with a sign			
1. Group ho					attached to it.			
	ilar institutional us	es.						
	service businesses							
	e is performed on a							
	l-to-individual basi							
	barber shops, beau							
	utiques, studios, or							
similar us	-							
								
7. Development Standards								
		tbacks		Impervious Surface	M. H. I.			
Front	Side	Rear	Corner	Ratio	Max Height			
20 feet	7.5 feet	10 feet	10 feet	0.50	32 feet			

D. General Commercial

1. District Intent	2. Allowable Location
This zoning district allows for single family residential at a	The General Commercial Zoning District is allowed
maximum density of 18 dwelling units per acre and commercial	within the General Commercial Future Land Use
land uses as defined below.	<u>Category.</u>

3. Principal Uses	4.	Restricted Uses	<u>5.</u>	Prohibited Uses	6. Accessory Uses
a. Community centers and fraternal	<u>a.</u>	Condominiums	<u>a.</u>	Landfills.	Restricted:
<u>lodges.</u>	<u>b</u> .	Docks, piers, wharves,	<u>b.</u>	Hazardous waste	a. Areas and sheds for
b. Commercial or trade schools such		and similar structures in		collection and	outside storage shall be
as dance and martial arts studios		City Waters.		handling centers.	enclosed by opaque
c. Department stores and other retail			c.	Borrow pits.	fencing of at least six
sales stores, such as shoe stores,			d.	Pastures, forestry, feed	(6) feet in height.
clothing stores, pharmacies,				lots, and buildings	b. No accessory buildings
florists, and book stores.				which are an accessory	used for industrial
d. Funeral homes, cemeteries, and				to these agricultural	storage of hazardous,
mortuaries.				uses.	incendiary, noxious, or
e. Farm and garden supply, building			<u>e</u> .	Junkyards and salvage	pernicious materials
supply, and vehicle parts and				<u>yards.</u>	shall be located nearer
accessories (including vehicle					than one hundred (100)
sales/service/repair).					feet from any property
f. Grocery stores, supermarkets					<u>line.</u>
(including convenience stores),					<u>Prohibited:</u>
and specialty food stores (such as					c. Dwelling units not
meat markets and bakeries).					contained within the
g. Hospitals					principal structure and
h. Service businesses such as					any structure whose
blueprint, printing, catering,					use could generate
tailoring, travel agencies,					noise capable of
upholstery shops, laundries/dry					escaping the
cleaners, and light mechanical					boundaries of the
repair stores (such as camera, TV,					property in which the
or bicycle repair shops).					accessory structure is
i. Restaurants including open air					contained.
<u>cafes.</u>					
j. Shopping centers (but not					
regional malls or centers).					
k. Theaters and auditoriums.					

1. Plant nurseries.		
m. Veterinary offices and animal		
hospital with outside kennels.		
n. Wholesale and retail businesses		
for storing and/or distributing		
goods.		
o. Mobile home parks, recreational		
vehicle, and travel trailer parks.		
p. Arcades, billiards/pool parlors,		
bowling alleys, indoor		
recreational centers, and		
gymnasiums/spas/health clubs.		
q. Small taverns and bars.		
r. Residential Single Family		
s. Multi-family		
t. Educational facilities (public or		
<u>private)</u>		
u. Public buildings and grounds		
v. Pre-school and day care facilities		
(public or private)		
w. Churches		
x. Cemeteries without funeral		
homes,		
y. Residential care facilities,		
z. Group homes		
aa. Other similar institutional uses.		
bb. Personal service businesses where		
the service is performed on an		
individual-to-individual basis,		
including barber shops, beauty		
shops, boutiques, studios, or other		
<u>similar uses.</u>		

ee. Governm ff. Financial	offices or clinics ent offices institutions y Uses, as defined	<u>in</u>			
7. Development	Standards				
	<u>Se</u>	tbacks		Impervious Surface	Max Height
<u>Front</u>	<u>Side</u>	<u>Rear</u>	<u>Corner</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Max Height</u>
12 feet	0 feet; 5 feet if abutting residential property	20 feet	12 feet	<u>0.90</u>	48 feet
8. Development	Restrictions				
In the Genera	1 Commercial zoni	ng district, residen	tial shall only be al	lowed when located above a	first-floor commercial use.

E. Tourist Commercial

1. District Intent		2. Allowable Location		
This zoning district allows for single fa	mily residential at a	The Tourist Commercial Zoning District is allowed		
maximum density of 18 dwelling units	per acre and commercial	within the Tourist Commercial Future Land Use		
land uses as defined below.		<u>Category.</u>		
3. Principal Uses	4. Restricted Uses	5. Prohibited Uses	<u>6. Accessory Uses</u>	
a. Boutiques	a. Condominiums	a. Mobile homes	Restricted:	
b. Souvenir shops	b. Docks, piers, wharves,	b. RV Parks	a. Areas and sheds for	
c. Restaurants and open air cafes	and similar structures in	c. Landfills.	outside storage shall be	
d. Small hotels and small motels	City Waters.	d. Hazardous waste	enclosed by opaque	
e. Marinas		collection and	fencing of at least six	
f. Single Family Dwellings		handling centers.	(6) feet in height.	
g. Multi-family Dwellings			b. No accessory buildings	
h. Gasoline sales and service			used for industrial	

- i. Gasoline sales combined with small food marts
- o. Outdoor recreational uses, including arboretums, hiking trails, golf courses, playgrounds, ball fields, outdoor ball courts, outdoor swimming pools,
- Water-related or water-dependent
 uses, including boat ramps and
 fishing docks and piers
- q. Similar outdoor recreational uses, whether public or private.
- <u>r.</u> Educational facilities (public or private)
- s. Public buildings and grounds
- <u>t. Pre-school and day care facilities</u> (public or private)
- u. Churches
- v. Cemeteries without funeral homes,
- w. Residential care facilities,
- x. Group homes
- y. Other similar institutional uses.
- z. Personal service businesses where the service is performed on an individual-to-individual basis, including barber shops, beauty shops, boutiques, studios, or other similar uses.
- j. Temporary Uses, as defined in Section XX.

- f. Pastures, forestry, feed lots, and buildings which are an accessory to these agricultural uses.
- g. Junkyards and salvage vards.
- h. Firing ranges
- i. Marinas
- j. Miniature golf courses
- k. Race tracks

storage of hazardous, incendiary, noxious, or pernicious materials shall be located nearer than one hundred (100) feet from any property line.

Prohibited:

e.d. Dwelling units not
contained within the
principal structure and
any structure whose
use could generate
noise capable of
escaping the
boundaries of the
property in which the
accessory structure is
contained.

7. Development	7. Development Standards							
	<u>Se</u>	tbacks	Impervious Surface	Max Height				
<u>Front</u>	<u>Side</u>	<u>Rear</u>	<u>Corner</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Max Height</u>			
12 feet	0 feet; 5 feet if abutting residential property	<u>20 feet</u>	<u>12 feet</u>	0.80	<u>32 feet</u>			

F. Public/Institutional

F. Public/Institutional			
1. District Intent		2. Allowable Location	
3. District Intent		4. Allowable Location	
This zoning district allows for public and i	nstitutional uses.	The Public/Institutional	Zoning District is allowed
		within the Public/Institu	tional Future Land Use
		Category.	
5. Principal Uses	6. Restricted Uses	7. Prohibited Uses	8. Accessory Uses
a. Educational facilities (public or	a. Condominiums	a. Landfills.	Restricted:
private)	b. Docks, piers, wharves,	b. Hazardous waste	a. Areas and sheds for
b. Public buildings and grounds	and similar structures in	collection and	outside storage shall be
c. Pre-school and day care facilities	<u>City Waters.</u>	handling centers.	enclosed by opaque
(public or private)		c. Borrow pits.	fencing of at least six
d. Churches		d. Pastures, forestry, feed	(6) feet in height.
e. Cemeteries without funeral		lots, and buildings	b. No accessory buildings
homes,		which are an accessory	used for industrial
f. Residential care facilities,		to these agricultural	storage of hazardous,
g. Group homes		uses.	incendiary, noxious, or
h. Other similar institutional uses.		e. Junkyards and salvage	pernicious materials
		<u>yards.</u>	shall be located nearer
			than one hundred (100)
			feet from any property
			<u>line.</u>
			Prohibited:

9. Development	: Standards				e. Dwelling units not contained within the principal structure and any structure whose use could generate noise capable of escaping the boundaries of the property in which the accessory structure is contained.
	<u>Se</u>	<u>tbacks</u>		Impervious Surface	Max Height
<u>Front</u>	<u>Side</u>	<u>Rear</u>	<u>Corner</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	iviax fieight
20 feet	7.5 feet	10 feet	20 feet	0.90	32 feet

G. Recreation

1. District Intent		<u>2.</u>	Allowable Location			
This zoning district allows for outdoor recr	This zoning district allows for outdoor recreational uses.		The Recreation Zoning District is allowed within			
			the Recreation Future La	and Use Category.		
3. Principal Uses	4. Restricted Uses	<u>5.</u>	Prohibited Uses	<u>6. Accessory Uses</u>		
a. Areas for outdoor recreational		<u>a.</u>	Landfills.	Restricted:		
activity such as pickiniking, jogging,		<u>b.</u>	Hazardous waste	a. Areas and sheds for		
cycling, and hiking			collection and	outside storage shall be		
b. Arboretums			handling centers.	enclosed by opaque		
c. Golf courses		<u>c</u> .	Borrow pits.	fencing of at least six		
d. Playgrounds		<u>d</u> .	Pastures, forestry, feed	(6) feet in height.		
e. Ball Fields			lots, and buildings	b. No accessory buildings		
f. Outdoor ball courts			which are an accessory	used for industrial		
g. Outdoor swimming pools			to these agricultural	storage of hazardous,		
h. Boat ramps			uses.	incendiary, noxious, or		
i. Fishing docks and piers				pernicious materials		

	or recreational use	<u>S</u>		e. Junkyards and salvage yards. f. Firing ranges g. Marinas h. Miniature golf courses i. Race tracks	shall be located nearer than one hundred (100) feet from any property line. Prohibited: f. Dwelling units not contained within the principal structure and any structure whose use could generate noise capable of escaping the boundaries of the property in which the accessory structure is contained.
7. Development Standards					
Front	<u>Side</u>	tbacks <u>Rear</u>	Corner	Impervious Surface <u>Ratio</u>	<u>Max Height</u>
<u>20 feet</u>	7.5 feet	10 feet	<u>20 feet</u>	<u>0.50</u>	<u>32 feet</u>

H. Industrial

1. District Intent		<u>2.</u>	Allowable Location			
This district is to provide areas for research	h and development activites		The Industrial Zoning District is allowed within area			
and the manufacturing, compounding, pro-	and the manufacturing, compounding, processing, packaging, storage,			designated as Industrial on Future Land Use Map of		
assembly, and/or treatment of finished or s	semi-finished products from		the Comprehensive Plan	<u>L</u>		
previously prepared materials.	_					
3. Principal Uses	4. Restricted Uses	<u>5.</u>	Prohibited Uses	6. Accessory Uses		
 a. Research and Development 		a.	Landfills	a. Areas and sheds for		
b. Services		<u>b.</u>	Hazardous waste	outside storage shall be		
c. Construction			collection and	enclosed by opaque		
d. Wholesale Trade			handling centers.			

f. Light Man bakeries,		ing		d. Pas	row pits. tures, forestry, feed , and buildings	fencing of at least six (6) feet in height. b. No accessory buildings
lighting n	uring, printing, elections and manufacturing, and manufacturing.			to t	hese agricultural	used for industrial storage of hazardous, incendiary, noxious, or
g. Other use	s of a similar natured by the Planning	e as		e. Jun	kyards and salvage	pernicious materials shall be located nearer
Council.	(f. Firi	ng ranges rinas	than one hundred (100) feet from any property
					niature golf courses be tracks	line. Prohibited:
						f. Any structure whose use could generate
						noise capable of escaping the
						boundaries of the property in which the accessory structure is
						contained.
7. Development	<u>Standards</u>					
<u>Setbacks</u> Front Side Rear Corner		<u>In</u>	npervious Surface Ratio	Max Height		
<u>1.1011f</u>	0 feet; 10 feet if	<u>ICai</u>	Corner		<u> Natio</u>	
12 feet	abutting residential property	<u>20 feet</u>	12 feet		0.70	<u>48 feet</u>

I. Preservation

1. District Inten	<u>t</u>			1. Allowable Location	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	g District is allowed within
				the Preservation Future	Land Use Category.
2. Principal Use	<u>'S</u>	3. Restric	ted Uses	4. Prohibited Uses	5. Accessory Uses
				<u>a. Landfills</u>	
				b. Hazardous waste	
				collection and	
				handling centers.	
				c. Borrow pits.	
				d. Pastures, forestry, feed	
				lots, and buildings	
				which are an accessory	
				to these agricultural	
				uses.	
				e. Junkyards and salvage	
				<u>yards.</u>	
				<u>f. Firing ranges</u>	
				g. Marinas	
				h. Miniature golf courses	
				i. Race tracks	
6. Development					
		tbacks		<u>Impervious Surface</u>	Max Height
<u>Front</u>	<u>Side</u>	Rear	Corner	<u>Ratio</u>	ivian Height

J. Tourist Mixed Use

1. District Intent	2. Allowable Location
This district provides for an integrated mix of resort uses that are	The Tourist Mixed Use Zoning District is allowed
predominantly tourist-oriented and seasonal in nature; development	within the Tourist Mixed Use Future Land Use
will be designed to encourage connectivity among the uses and	<u>Category.</u>
clustered to the extent practicable to provide open space and to	
protect environmentally sensitive areas. This zoning district allows	

for single family residential and multi-for 2 dwelling units per acre and comme below.			
3. Principal Uses a. Single family b. Multi-family, and any ancillary uses; c. Hotel, motel, and other temporary lodging units; d. Neighborhood and community- scale commercial; e. Beach clubs and other recreational uses; f. Public and private uses such as offices and services; g. Religious institutions; h. Marinas and water related facilities; i. Infrastructure j. Entertainment facilities.	4. Restricted Uses a. Condominiums b. Docks, piers, wharves, and similar structures in City Waters.	5. Prohibited Uses a. Mobile Home Parks b. Landfills. c. Hazardous waste collection and handling centers. d. Borrow pits. e. Pastures, forestry, feed lots, and buildings which are an accessory to these agricultural uses. f. Junkyards and salvage yards.	6. Accessory Uses Restricted: a. Areas and sheds for outside storage shall be enclosed by opaque fencing of at least six (6) feet in height. b. No accessory buildings used for industrial storage of hazardous, incendiary, noxious, or pernicious materials shall be located nearer than one hundred (100) feet from any property line. Prohibited: d.g. Any structure whose use could generate noise capable of
			noise capable of escaping the boundaries of the property in which the accessory structure is contained.

7. Development	<u>Standards</u>				
	<u>Se</u>	<u>tbacks</u>		Impervious Surface	May Haight
<u>Front</u>	<u>Side</u>	Rear	Corner	<u>Ratio</u>	Max Height
				0.70	48 feet

8. Development Restrictions

- A. In the Tourist Mixed Use Zoning District at least three principal uses must be developed on the subject property, one of which is required to be a residential use. No principal use shall be less than 10% of the total land area.
- B. Where practicable, native vegetation will be used for residential lots and common open spaces. Native vegetation to be used can be identified from Waterwise Florida Landscape as produced by Florida's water management districts.
- C. Connection to central water and sanitary sewer systems shall be required prior to any certificate of occupancy being issued.
- D. The Tourist Mixed Use Zoning District may be implemented through the Planned Unit Development process as defined in this Code.
- E. A property must be under single ownership or under unified control at the time the Tourist Mixed Use category is assigned.

A.

- 1. The category of residential uses includes single-family dwellings, accessory apartment uses, multi-family dwellings in a variety of housing types, and modular homes, but specifically excludes mobile homes and recreational vehicles. (Recreational vehicle parks are considered commercial uses.)
- 2. While a district may be designated for residential use, it does not follow that any housing type (single-family, apartment, townhouse, etc.) is allowed. Certain areas are limited to one or more housing types in order to preserve the established character of the area. Refer to the table of density and dwelling unit types in Section 2.02.04 for regulations on housing types.

B. Public/Institutional

This type of use includes educational facilities (public or private), public buildings and grounds, preschool and day care facilities (public or private), churches, cemeteries without funeral homes, residential care facilities, group homes, and all other similar institutional uses.

C. Outdoor Recreational

These uses include areas for outdoor recreational activities such as picnicking, jogging, cycling, arboretums, hiking, golf courses, playgrounds, ball fields, outdoor ball courts, outdoor swimming pools, and water-related or water-dependent uses such as boat ramps, fishing docks and piers, and all similar outdoor recreational uses, whether public or private. Specifically excluded from this group of uses are firing ranges, marinas, miniature golf courses, race tracks, and similar recreational or quasi-recreational activities inconsistent with the allowable outdoor recreational uses described.

D. Professional Service and Office

This group of uses includes business and professional offices, medical offices or clinics, government offices, financial institutions. This group of uses may include a dispatching/communications/office center for the distribution of goods, but specifically excludes the warehousing or actual distribution of goods.

E. Personal Service Businesses

This group of uses includes personal service businesses where the service is performed on an individual to-individual basis as opposed to services which are performed on objects or personal property. Examples of personal service businesses are barber shops, beauty shops, boutiques, or studios.

F. General Commercial

A wide variety of general commercial, commercial recreational, entertainment, and related activities is included in this group of uses. Examples include—professional—and—office—uses—listed—in Section 2.02.02D above, as well as the following specific uses, and all substantially similar types of uses:

- 1. Community centers and fraternal lodges.
- 2. Commercial or trade schools such as dance and martial arts studios
- 3. Department stores and other retail sales stores, such as shoe stores, clothing stores, pharmacies, florists, and book stores.
- 4. Funeral homes, cemeteries, and mortuaries.
- 5. Farm and garden supply, building supply, and vehicle parts and accessories (including vehicle sales/service/repair).
- 6. Grocery stores, supermarkets (including convenience stores), and specialty food stores (such as meat markets and bakeries).
- 7. Hospitals

- 8. Service businesses such as blueprint, printing, catering, tailoring, travel agencies, upholstery shops, laundries/dry cleaners, and light mechanical repair stores (such as camera, TV, or bicycle repair shops).
- 9. Restaurants including open air cafes.
- 10. Shopping centers (but not regional malls or centers).
- 11. Theaters and auditoriums.
- 12. Plant nurseries.
- 13. Veterinary offices and animal hospital with outside kennels.
- 14. Wholesale and retail businesses for storing and/or distributing goods. This includes primarily outdoor storage. (examples: LP gas storage and/or distribution exceeding 1000 gallons and recycling centers).
- 15. Mobile home parks, recreational vehicle, and travel trailer parks.
- 16. Areades, billiards/pool parlors, bowling alleys, indoor recreational centers, and gymnasiums/spas/health clubs.
- 17. Small taverns and bars.
- 18. Single and multiple family dwellings.

G Tourist Commercial

The uses in this group include those activities that are intended to provide areas for low intensity tourist-oriented commercial activities that will not interfere with the peace and tranquility of adjoining residential property. This group of uses includes the following list of specific uses and all substantially similar activities—based upon similarity of characteristics.

- 1. Boutiques, souvenir shops, and similar businesses that are seasonal in nature.
- 2. Restaurants and open air cafes.
- 3. Small hotels or small motels.
- 4 Marinas
- 5. Single and multiple family dwellings
- 6. Gasoline sales and service, combination gasoline sale and small food marts, and similar facilities.

H. Tourist Mixed Use

This district provides for an integrated mix of resort uses that are predominantly tourist-oriented and seasonal in nature; development will be designed to encourage connectivity among the uses and clustered to the extent practicable to provide open space and to protect environmentally sensitive areas. The uses may include single-family, multifamily, and any ancillary uses; hotel, motel, and other temporary lodging units; neighborhood and community-scale commercial; beach clubs and other recreational uses; public and private uses such as offices and services; religious institutions; marinas and water related facilities; infrastructure and entertainment facilities.

I. Temporary Uses

This group of activities includes those uses which may occur on a temporary basis for a short time frame. These uses will not continue past 10 days and must have a permit to occur.

- 1. Flea markets or similar outdoor or indoor/indoor sales complexes.
- 2. Small carnivals, fairs, and festivals. Examples of this are school, holiday, or seasonal related carnivals and festivals.
- 3. This does not include trailers and recreational vehicles.

J. Prohibited Uses in All Districts

- 1. Landfills.
- 2. Hazardous waste collection and handling centers.
- 3. Borrow pits.
- 4. Pastures, forestry, feed lots, and buildings which are an accessory to these agricultural uses.
- 5. Junkyards and salvage yards.
- 6. Construction of docks, piers, wharves and similar structures in City waters, unless specifically approved by the City Council.
- 7. Condominiums, unless specifically approved by the City Council

2.02.03 Allowable Uses Within Each Land Use District

A. Residential Low-Density (RLD)

The following uses are allowed in the Residential Low-Density land use district. All others are prohibited.

- 1. Residential
- 2. Outdoor Recreational
- 3. Public/Institutional

B. Residential General (RG)

The following uses are allowed in the Residential General land use district. All others are prohibited.

- 1. Residential
- 2. Outdoor Recreational
- 3. Personal Service and Studio
- 4. Public/Institutional

C. Tourist-Residential (TR)

The following uses are allowed in the Tourist-Residential land use district. All others are prohibited.

- 1. Residential
- 2. Outdoor Recreational
- 3. Personal Service and Studio
- 4. Public/Institutional

D. General-Commercial (GC)

The following uses are allowed in the General-Commercial land use district. All others are prohibited.

- 1. General Commercial
- 2. Professional Service and Office
- 3. Personal Service and Studio
- 4. Public/Institutional
- 5. Temporary Uses
- 6. Residential

E. Tourist-Commercial (TC)

The following uses are allowed in the Tourist-Commercial land use district. All others are prohibited.

- 1. Tourist-Commercial
- 2. Outdoor Recreational

- 3. Personal Service and Studio
- 4. Public/Institutional
- 5. Temporary Uses
- 6. Residential Dwellings

F. Public/Institutional (PI)

The Public/Institutional land use districts are areas within the other land use districts that have been designated for the Public/Institutional land use as deemed in Section 2.02.02 of this Code.

G. Recreation (REC)

Outdoor Recreational land uses shall be allowed in all land use districts upon approval by the City Council.

H. Conservation (CON)

The following land uses are allowed in the Conservation land use district after any environmental features present have been identified and special construction practices and additional permission is granted by the City Council.

- 1. Residential Low-Density
- 2. Residential General
- 3. Tourist Residential
- 4. Existing Recreational Vehicle parks

I. Preservation (PRS)

All land uses are prohibited except as cited in the Future Land Use Element of the City of Mexico Beach Comprehensive Plan.

J. Tourist Mixed Use (TM)

All land uses are allowed in the Tourist Mixed Use land use district. At least three of the allowable uses must be developed on the subject property, one of which shall be a residential use, and none of which may be less than 10% of the total land area.

2.02.04 Table of Density and Dwelling Unit Types for Residential Use

	Housing Types**			
Land Use/Districts		S-F	M-F	-MH
Residential Low Density	6DU/1AC	Λ	P	P
Residential General	6DU/1AC	A	_A	P
Tourist Residential	8DU/1AC	A	<u> </u>	P
General Commercial	18DU/1AC	A	A	<u> </u>
Tourist Commercial	18DU/1AC		Α	<u> P</u>

Conservation	Per existing developmental approv	al****	
Mixed Use	24DU/1AC A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Professional Service/Office	8DU/1AC A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Personal Service Business	8DU/1AC A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Tourist Mixed Use	2DU/1AC (of total land area) A		P
	Notes for Table 2.02.04		

"A" stands for "Allowed." "P" stands for "Prohibited.

- * This column indicates the maximum gross density allowable subject to minimum requirements. The gross density allowable for unplatted property is 4DU/1AC or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent.
- ** This part of the table indicates where certain housing types are allowed. The abbreviations for and certain requirements relating to these housing types are as follows:
- "S-F" stands for single-family which includes only site built homes and modular homes manufactured under the Florida Manufactured Building Act and certified by the Department of Community Affairs as complying with the structural requirements of the Standard Building Code.
- "M-F" stands for multi-family as defined in this Code.
- "MH" stands for manufactured housing meeting the standards of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards (24 CFR 3280) HUD Code. They are allowed only in Residential General or a mobile home park (GC)
- *** Only in Mobile Home Parks
- **** Development approval existing at the time of enactment of the Code.
- 2.02.035 Mixed Use

A. Mixed Use

Residential Development is allowed within the <u>categories of General Commercial</u> and Tourist Commercial <u>land use districts</u>; however, unless otherwise permitted by the Mexico Beach Comprehensive Plan or a Plan Amendment and the LDR, or a properly approved PUD, commercial development is not allowed in residential <u>land useszoning districts</u>. All structures shall be built to the requirements of the Comprehensive Plan, a Plan Amendment, and the LDR, except as may be allowed by a properly approved PUD or permissible variance.

1. Residential Density in Commercial Land Uses

Residential development and redevelopment projects within the General Commercial and Tourist Commercial land use districts that utilize 15% or more of the total habitable gross floor area, including the heated or cooled gross floor area, for commercial development shall be entitled to a residential density of up to 24DU/1AC, so long as all other height, buffer, setback, impervious service ratios, landscaping, roads, sidewalks, and other requirements for development are met. Those structures containing commercial development must be completed first in order for a Certificate of Occupancy to be issued.

- 12. For purposes of this ordinance and section, "commercial development or redevelopment" shall not include any space used for residential living, rental living units of any nature, residential support quarters, or accessory structures of any nature whatsoever. "Commercial" for the calculation set forth in section 2.A.(1), above, for mixed uses shall include only the uses set forth in the LDR, subsections 2.02.02 F. and G. dealing with retail and office uses; specifically, such terms shall not include single and multiple family dwellings as set forth in subsections 2.02 F. 18. and G. 6. and subsections 2.02.03 D. 6. and E. 6., mobile home parks/units, recreational vehicles, park trailers, or the like, or hotels or motels.
- 23. Any mixed residential/commercial development or redevelopment areas used in the calculation set forth above to create a density greater than 18DU/1AC shall be built to commercial standards under the Florida Building Code, as may be amended, and will be considered a land use designation for a commercial use and shall not revert or otherwise be changed to a residential land use of any nature for at least seven (7) years, and then only by approval of the City Council after review by the Planning and Zoning Board. Upon application by the landowner or his/her agent to develop or redevelop under this ordinance, or if this ordinance is applied to a development, the owner and his/her heirs, transferees, successors in interest, and assigns agree to all provisions of this ordinance, specifically including the requirement that said property shall remain commercial in nature unless changed as set forth in this Code.
- B. Residential Development Standards for Structures Developed or Redeveloped in GC and TC Land UsesZoning Districts
 - 1. Residential Structures developed or redeveloped in GC or TC land use districts Zoning Districts shall adhere to the residential density requirements as set forth above. In addition, residential or mixed-use developments or redevelopments built in GC or TC land uses Zoning Districts may be eligible to have variances from the requirements of the LDR for development standards relating to setbacks, landscape buffers, and parking, if justified by the application for M-PUD and approved as a Final M-PUD Plan. by the City Council, after review by the Planning Board. No variances or waivers for M-PUD projects shall be permitted to requirements set forth in the Mexico Beach Comprehensive Plan such as, but not limited to, height, density, land use type, and canal buffer zone, unless the Comprehensive Plan is amended as required by law.
 - 2. Length-Residential Only Structures. Developments and redevelopments built in GC and/or TC land use districts Zoning Districts that contain residential only improvements shall be limited in length to 100 feet, measured from exterior wall to exterior wall, including any decks and patios which may be located on the ends of such structure.
 - 3. Setbacks. Setbacks for the perimeter of the entire tract for residential-only structures built in GC and/or TC land use districts Zoning Districts shall remain as Front-20', Side-7.5', Rear-10', and Corner-20', as set forth in section 3.01.03 of the LDR; however, the interior side setbacks between residential-only structures where there is more than one multifamily structure contained on a tract shall be 5' for each structure.
 - 4. Landscaping. A landscaping plan shall be submitted, and must be approved by the City Council for all commercial or mixed-use developments and by the City Administrator for residential-only developments, with any application for development in GC and/or TC land use districts Zoning Districts in accordance with LDR section 4.01, et seq.
- 2.02.046 Allowable Intensities Within Each Land Use DistrictHeight Measurement

As described in this Plan, height for properties shall be measured as follows:

- A. For properties landward of the Coastal Construction Control Line (CCCL) within Zone X on the preliminary FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (2018), maximum height shall be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly adjacent to the property. If there is more than one road adjacent to the property, then the road with the highest elevation shall be used.
- B. For properties landward of the CCCL within Zones AE or VE on the preliminary FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (2018), maximum height shall be measured from the base flood elevation.
- C. For properties seaward of the CCCL, maximum height shall be measured from the base Florida Department of Environmental Protection requirement.

2.02.05 Similar Uses

Any use that is not identified in Section 2.02.02 is prohibited unless it is substantially similar to the use named in Section 2.02.02. A determination regarding substantial similarity of such a use shall be made as follows:

- A. A requested use shall be considered substantially similar when the characteristics and offsite impacts of the requested use are equivalent in type, intensity, degree or impact when compared to a use named in Section 2.02.02. such characteristics include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Trip generation rates;
 - b. Typical hours of operation;
 - c. Types of traffic associated with the use (such as trucks or delivery vehicles, automobiles, recreation vehicles, or other vehicles);
 - d. Features of the use that generate noise, odor, electromagnetic interference or vibration;
 - e. Type and extent of parking, including whether parking areas are lighted;
 - f. Use of loudspeakers; and
 - g. Use of outdoor storage.
- B. The City Administrator or designee shall make a written administrative interpretation as to the substantial similarity of a requested use that is not named in Section 2.02.02.

2.02.063.01.02 Impervious Surface Coverage

A. Generally

Impervious surface on a development site shall not exceed the ratios provided in Section 2.02.02. the table in paragraph D of this Section.

B. Ratio Calculation

The impervious surface ratio is calculated by dividing the total impervious surface by the gross site area. Water bodies are impervious and shall be included as such in the impervious surface ratio calculation.

C. Alternative Paving Materials

If porous paving materials are used, documentation shall be provided demonstrating the permeability of the materials, and the percentage of impervious area shall be adjusted accordingly. in accord with the Department of Community Affairs Technical Construction Manual, then the area covered with porous paving materials shall not be counted as impervious surface.

2.02.07 Setbacks

A. ** If the site is adjacent to a major arterial roadway, the front setback for the site will be that portion abutting the arterial roadway in all zoning categories.

*** Storage buildings may be placed within five (5) feet of the rear property lines.

<u>B2.</u> The structure may be built on the property line provided the owner shall grant an attachment easement to the adjacent property owner(s) in Tourist Commercial and General Commercial only.

CB. Minimum Setbacks Between Buildings

- 1. The minimum distance between adjacent buildings shall be ten (10) feet, except that no setback between buildings is required where an attachment easement has been created pursuant to paragraph BC of this Section.
- 2. Distance shall be measured at the narrowest space between structures, whether a main living unit, principal structure, an allowable attachment, or an accessory use, and shall not include roof overhang (eave).
- 3. Residential structures built either on Tourist Commercial, Professional Service and Office, Personal Service Businesses, or General Commercial, property must adhere to Residential building setback requirements as shown in Section 3.01.032.02.02 Building Setback Requirements with the exception of front setbacks. The front setback remains 12'.

C. Minimum Setbacks for Conservation District

Building setbacks may be greater than stated above when building on sites next to or containing environmentally sensitive land. These setback requirements are listed in Sections 5.02.03-B, 5.03.05-B4, 5.02.05-B, and 5.02.05-2A of this Code.

A. Residential Low Density (RLD)

No more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 40% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have — maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

B. Residential General (RG)

No more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 40% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the

CCCL are to have maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

C. Tourist Residential (TR)

No more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 50% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have — maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

D. Tourist Commercial (TC)

No more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 80% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have — maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

E. General Commercial (GC)

No more than 48 feet in height not to exceed 90% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have — maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

F. Public/Institutional (PI)

For buildings and structures, no more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 90% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious areas by the gross area of the ——site or lot. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

G. Recreation (REC)

For building and structures, no more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 50% lot coverage, unless otherwise approved by the City Council. Maximum height for — properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have — maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP — requirements.

H. Professional Service and Office (PSO)

No more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 80% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum—height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties

within the CCCL are to have maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

I. Personal Service Businesses (PSB)

No more than 32 feet in height not to exceed 80% lot coverage as determined by dividing total impervious area by the gross area of the site or lot, or as determined by Chapter 10D-6, FAC, whichever is more stringent. Maximum—height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have maximum height measured from plus 17° above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

J. Tourist Mixed Use

No more than 48 feet in height and not to exceed an impervious surface ratio of 0.7 based upon the total land area. Maximum height for properties outside the CCCL is to be measured from one foot above the crown of the road directly in — front of the property. Properties within the CCCL are to have maximum height measured from plus 17' above the NGVD line or per FDEP requirements.

2.02.06 Table of Incompatible Adjacent Districts

Land Use/Districts	BID	R.C.	TD	CC	TC	
Edita Coci Diotricto	RLD	110	110	00	10	
Residential Low Density		C	C	I	I	C
 Residential Low Density				1	1	
 Residential General	C		C	I	T	\overline{C}
				1	1	_
 Tourist Residential	C	C		I	T	
 Tourist Residential				1	1	
 General Commercial	T	I	I		T	I
 Ocheral Commercial	1	1	1		1	-1
 Tourist Commercial	I	I	T	I		_I
Tourist Commercial	1	1	1	1		-1
 Conservation	C	C	\mathbf{C}	I	I	
COHSCI VALION				1	1	
 Tourist Mixed Use	C	C	C	C	C	\overline{C}
 Tourist Wilked OSC						

Notes for Table 2.02.06

"C" stands for "Compatible." "I" stands for "Incompatible." This table designates land use districts that require a buffer zone as defined in Article IV Section 4.01.03 in the Code. Two parcels of different land use districts that are specified in this section as "incompatible" require a buffer along the parcel boundaries. This includes incompatible land use districts that are separated by a road.

2.02.07 SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS

2.02.07 Development Restrictions

A. Restrictions applicable only to Tourist Mixed Use land use districts:

1. Where practicable, native vegetation will be used for residential lots and common open spaces. Native vegetation to be used can be identified from Waterwise Florida Landscape as produced by Florida's water management districts.

- 2. Connection to central water and sanitary sewer systems shall be required prior to any certificate of occupancy being issued.
- 3. The Tourist Mixed Use category may be implemented through the Planned Unit Development process as defined in this Code.
- 4. A property must be under single ownership or under unified control at the time the Tourist Mixed Use category is assigned.
- **AB**. Food Trailers prohibited.
 - 1. Food Trailers are prohibited in the City except as provided in this subsection.
 - 2. "Food Trailer" means any structure or vehicle, fixed or mobile, used for the purpose of selling food or beverages or producing food or beverages for commercial purposes, and which is not:
 - i. A building compliant with the Florida Building Code and these Land Development Regulations;
 - ii. A home occupation compliant with these Land Development Regulations and the Florida Building Code;
 - iii. A vehicle licensed by the State of Florida as a Mobile Food Dispensing Vehicle or a successor program used by the State to license what is generally understood to be a good truck; or
 - iv. A food or beverage vending structure, vehicle, or cart operated for a maximum of seventy-two (72) hours and only as part of festival or special event not prohibited by the City. To qualify for this exception, at the end of the seventy-two hour period, the vending structure, vehicle or cart must either be removed from the City or placed into storage not visible from a public right-of-way and in compliance with these Land Development Regulations.

3. Non Conforming Use Established

Food Trailers operating within the City prior to the Effective Date of this ordinance and holding a local business tax receipt validly issued by the City Clerk shall be considered a nonconforming use that is permitted to continue as governed by the rules for structures provided by Section 7.12.00, notwithstanding that said Food Trailers are not "dwelling units." In addition to those rules, permissible non-conforming status shall be lost upon a change of ownership of the Food Trailer or a relocation of the Food Trailer to a different parcel of property. Futhermore, Subsections 7.12.00 B.3. and 7.12.00 B.4. shall not apply to these nonconforming Food Trailers. These nonconforming Food Trailers shall otherwise comply with these Land Development Regulations and shall be considered restaurants for purposes of parking, landscaping, and other instances when requirements vary depending on use of property.

2.03.00 PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT

2.03.01 Purpose and Intent

It is the intent of the PUD district to provide a flexible, alternative zoning procedure to encourage imaginative and innovative design for the unified development of tracts of land, within overall